FRAME WORK

Creating a dynamic guide for Tuscaloosa

Comprehensive Five-Year Affordable Housing Study

September 19, 2018 | Preview Presentation

Overview

- 1. Purpose and organization of study
- 2. Key inputs
- 3. What will be shared on Sept 26



Purpose of 5-Year Affordable Housing Study

- Develop analytical foundations for housing component of Comp. Plan
 - Inventory housing stock
 - Evaluate housing conditions
 - Identify key housing issues/trends
 - Prepare needs assessment and identify current and projected housing challenges to meet future demand
- Assist with development of the city's next
 HUD required Consolidated Housing Plan



Organization of Housing Study

- 1. Community Profile
- 2. Inventory & Conditions
- 3. Policy Analysis
- 4. Needs Assessment
- 5. Housing Tools for Consideration



1. Community Profile (preview shared Aug 8)

- A. Growth rates
- B. Sociodemographic profile (age, race, income)
- C. Economic trends

2. Inventory and Conditions

- A. Housing Market Trends
- **B.** Characteristics of Units
- C. Potential Housing/Neighborhood Issues
- D. Relationship of Housing to Transit, Employment, and Services

3. Policy Analysis

- A. Protecting Neighborhood Character
- **B.** Promoting Housing Diversity
- C. Assisting Lower Income Households
- D. Serving Neighborhoods
- E. Future Policy Opportunities

4. Needs Analysis

- A. For Sale Single Family Housing
- **B.** Rental Market
- C. Key Demographic Drivers
- D. Housing Needs

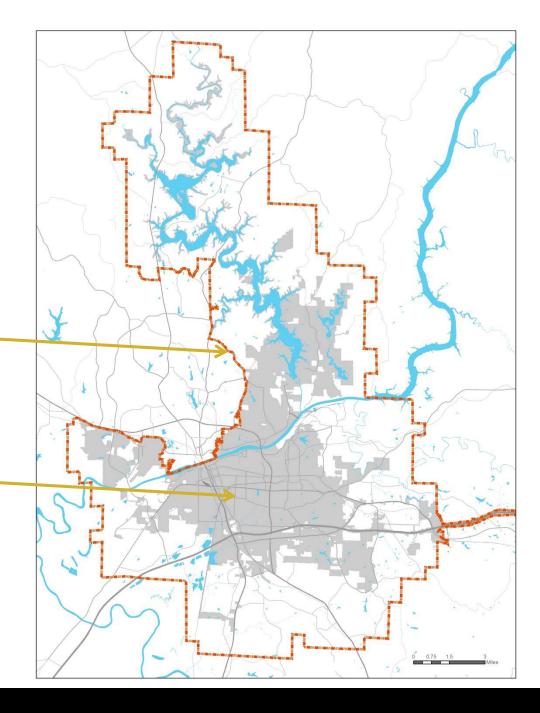
5. Housing Tools for Consideration

- A. Protecting Neighborhood Character
- B. Promoting Housing Diversity and Affordability
- Assisting Lower Income Households
- D. Serving Neighborhoods

Study Areas

Planning Area

City Limits



Stakeholders Interviewed

- City Council Members
- Planning Commissioners
- University of Alabama
- Tuscaloosa Housing Authority
- Neighborhood Representatives

- Landlords
- Chamber of Commerce
- Homebuilders, developers, realtors
- Mayor's Task Force
- City Staff

Key Stakeholder Interview Themes

Protecting Community Character

- 1. Protection of historic neighborhoods is critical
- Concerns related to incompatibility of students living in neighborhoods
- Changes in school enrollment zones will likely have impact on neighborhoods
- 4. Game day housing changes functional character of neighborhoods, but not too concerned

Key Stakeholder Interview Themes

Housing Needs

- 1. Workforce Housing in \$150-200k range is needed housing for "real people with families"
- Need to find creative strategies to meet Fair Housing Rules related to future location of replaced public housing units and housing assistance

Key Stakeholder Interview Themes

Housing Opportunities/Challenges

- 1. Future of student complexes outside of "the Box"
- 2. West Tuscaloosa redevelopment (proximity to downtown)
- 3. Alberta redevelopment (school enrollment zones and vacant land)
- 4. Blight removal / condemnation in critical situations

Key data inputs

- Demographics and Economic Base
 - US Census 2000, 2010
 - American Community Survey (2012-2016)
- Land Use and Development Trends
 - Tuscaloosa County Tax Assessor
 - City of Tuscaloosa
- Market Conditions and Demand
 - MLS (local multiple listing service)
 - Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council data
 - ESRI
 - Center for Business and Economic Research (CBER)

Plans Reviewed

- 1. HUD Annual Action Plan (2018)
- 2. Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (2015)
- 3. 5-Year Consolidated Housing Plan (2015-2019)
- 4. Tuscaloosa Forward Strategic and Generational Plans (2011)
- 5. Update to Specific Plan for District 3 (2017)
- 6. Greater Downtown Plan (2010)
- 7. Future Land Use Plan (2009)
- 8. Specific Plans District 6 and 7 (2009)
- 9. Specific Plans West Tuscaloosa and Greater Alberta Community (2007)
- 10. Urban Renewal (2005)
- 11. Specific Plan University Area Neighborhood (2004)
- 12. Specific Plan Forest Lake Neighborhood (2003)

- 1. Strong focus on protecting neighborhood character...
 - Context sensitive compatibility requirements for redevelopment in established and stable neighborhoods
 - Protection of green infrastructure network in neighborhoods and encourage develop of parks and trails
 - Street designs that are compatible with scale and function of neighborhood
 - Creating consistency of design and safety within pedestrian realm

1. Strong focus on housing diversity...

- Creating neighborhoods that offer a variety of housing types proximate to services and transit
- Protection of neighborhood compatibility through zoning that allows for character transitions and flexibility for "gentle density" in established neighborhoods
- Exploring regulatory opportunities to remove barriers to missing middle housing

- 1. Strong focus on assisting lower income households...
 - Reducing concentrations of lower income households
 - Reducing poverty through economic development and provision of affordable housing
 - Leveraging partnerships to reduce homelessness
 - Increasing interagency coordination to reduce foreclosure and evictions
 - Furthering fair housing through education on rights of renters and homebuyers
 - Building affordable housing units on blighted and vacant properties

1. Strong focus on serving neighborhoods...

- Coordination of transit and future affordable housing sites to better serve lower income households and protect affordability
- Strategic economic development approaches to invest in lower income neighborhoods and increase job opportunities
- Pursue storm-resistant building designs for homes
- Rebuild neighborhoods in storm-affected areas to eliminate barriers to connectivity
- Develop and enhance multi-modal transportation system
- Develop public facilities to serve as anchors for neighborhoods

To share on September 26

Overall key findings

- Housing Inventory & Conditions Highlights
- Needs Analysis Highlights